



BULLETIN
EUROPEAN AFFAIRS IN THE CROATIAN PARLIAMENT

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The *European Affairs in the Croatian Parliament Bulletin* is published monthly by the European Affairs Department. The Bulletin provides an overview of the Parliament's work related to European affairs and arising from the membership of the Republic of Croatia in the European Union.

The Croatian Parliament, as the national parliament of an EU member state, participates in the decision-making process at the European level by overseeing the activities of the Government in the European Union institutions and by exercising the powers conferred on national parliaments by the Lisbon Treaty.

Activities of the European Affairs Committee

At its 47th session, held on 28 October 2022, the Committee discussed European documents in accordance with the Work Programme for the Consideration of the Positions of the Republic of Croatia for 2021.

Activities of other parliamentary committees

Other parliamentary committees discussed European documents in accordance with the Work Programme for the Consideration of the Positions of the Republic of Croatia for 2021.

Monitoring the work of the Government in the European Union institutions

In October 2022, the Croatian Government submitted to the relevant parliamentary committees its positions for six Council meetings:

- 3899 Justice and Home Affairs Council
- 3900 Agriculture and Fisheries Council

- [3901 Foreign Affairs Council](#)
- [3902 General Affairs Council](#)
- [3903 Environment Council](#)
- [3904 Transport, Telecommunication and Energy Council](#)

EU documents forwarded directly to the Croatian Parliament

Pursuant to the Protocol (no. 1) on the Role of National Parliaments in the European Union, all draft legislative acts and communications are forwarded directly to national parliaments.

The Croatian Parliament publishes on a daily basis the EU documents received, along with information on the reference code assigned to each document, the applicable adoption procedure, its submission date and the timeframe for carrying out the subsidiarity check.

In October 2022, the EU institutions forwarded to the Croatian Parliament [58 documents](#): 35 draft legislative acts, and 23 communications and other non-binding documents.

Application of EU law

In October 2022, the Croatian Parliament enacted [two laws](#) in the process of harmonization with European Union law.

European Commission 2023 Work Programme

On 18 October, the Commission adopted its 2023 Work Programme. It sets out a bold agenda to respond to the current set of crises affecting the everyday lives of Europeans, while doubling down on the ongoing green and digital transformations, making our European Union more resilient.

In this spirit, the Commission aims at supporting people and businesses – whether by reducing energy prices, securing the supplies critical for our industrial competitiveness and food security, or by reinforcing our social market economy.

This Commission Work Programme contains 43 new policy initiatives across all six of the headline ambitions of President **von der Leyen's** [Political Guidelines](#), building on her [2022 State of the Union speech](#) and [letter of intent](#).

Many of the key initiatives in this Work Programme also follow up on the outcomes of the Conference on the Future of Europe. In addition, the new generation of citizens' panels will be part of the Commission's policymaking in certain key areas. The first citizens' panels will address the issues of food waste, learning mobility and virtual worlds.

Delivering on six headline ambitions:

1. A European Green Deal

Against the backdrop of Russia's war against Ukraine, the Commission will propose in early 2023, amongst other initiatives, a comprehensive **reform of the EU's electricity market**, including decoupling electricity and gas prices. To help rapidly scale up our green hydrogen economy, the Commission will propose to create a new **European Hydrogen Bank**, which will invest €3 billion into kick-starting a hydrogen market in the EU.

In 2023, the Commission will also take action to **reduce waste and the environmental impact of waste**, with a focus on **food and textile waste**, a topic identified during the Conference on the Future of Europe. Similarly, in response to citizens' concerns, the Commission will propose **overhauling EU animal welfare laws**.

2. A Europe fit for the digital age

To tackle current and future risks of strategic dependencies, the Commission will propose **EU measures to ensure adequate and diversified access to critical raw materials** needed for Europe's digital and economic resilience.

On the 30th anniversary of the Single Market, we will showcase the significant benefits of our **Single Market while identifying and addressing implementation gaps**. The **revision of late payment rules** will help reduce burdens for SMEs in a time of economic uncertainty. Our initiative on further expanding and upgrading **the use of digital tools and processes in company law** will help businesses in the Single Market by simplifying administrative and judicial procedures.

The Commission will also propose a **common European mobility data space** to boost the digitalisation of the mobility sector, while an **EU regulatory framework for hyperloop** will help prepare us for emerging mobility solutions.

3. An economy that works for people

Taking into account input from the Conference on the Future of Europe, the Commission will carry out **a review of our economic governance** to ensure it is still fit for purpose. To further strengthen the Union budget in face of the current urgent challenges, we will also carry out **a mid-term review of the EU budget for 2021-2027** and table a second set of **new own resources**, building on the proposal for **a single set of tax rules for doing business** in Europe.

To ensure the Union's common currency is fit for the digital age, we will table a proposal to lay down the principles of a **digital euro** before its potential issuance by the European Central Bank.

Given the social challenges created by the COVID-19 pandemic and Russia's war against Ukraine, we will update our **framework for quality traineeships** to address issues, such as fair remuneration and access to social protection, to boost Europe's social resilience.

This Work Programme has been decided upon in a time of high economic uncertainty. Therefore, we stand ready to re-evaluate after the winter, especially regarding those measures that can affect competitiveness.

4. A stronger Europe in the world

The cruel reality of war confirms the need to ramp up EU efforts in the area of security and defence. To defend our interests, our democratic principles, and peace and stability, we will present the **EU space strategy for security and defence**, as well as a new **EU maritime security strategy**. We will also **update our sanctions toolbox** to include corruption.

We will propose a new agenda to reinvigorate our **relations with Latin America and the Caribbean**. At the same time, we will continue our cooperation with candidate countries in the Western Balkans, along with Ukraine, Moldova and Georgia, in view of their **future accession to the Union**.

5. Promoting our European way of life

With only 15% of young people having undertaken studies, training or apprenticeships in another EU country, the Commission will propose to update the current **EU learning mobility framework**, to enable students to move more easily between education systems. As 2023 will be the **European Year of Skills**, we want to attract highly qualified professionals to sectors where Europe experiences workforce shortages, through proposals on **recognising the qualifications of non-EU nationals**. A targeted initiative will promote one of the most strategically important skills, through a **Cybersecurity Skills Academy**.

For a resilient and secure Schengen area of borderless travel, we will propose laws on **digitalising EU travel documents and facilitating travel**.

To build further the European Health Union, the Commission will propose a comprehensive approach to **mental health**, one of the key initiatives from the Conference on the Future of Europe, as well as a revised recommendation on **smoke-free environments**, and a new recommendation on **vaccine-preventable cancers**.

6. A new push for European democracy

Democracy is the bedrock of our Union. In 2023, the Commission will put forward a **defence of democracy package**, including an initiative on the protection of the EU's democratic space from outside interests.

We will continue building a Union of equality by proposing a **European disability card** that will ensure the mutual recognition of disability status across all Member States. We will also continue our work on addressing gaps in the legal **protection against discrimination** on grounds of racial or ethnic origin.

In line with our **better regulation** principles, the Commission will continue to identify simplification and burden reduction potential as well as to support sustainability. To complement the systematic effort to identify and remove red tape, a high-level group of stakeholders will further contribute to target streamlining of the acquis affecting citizens and businesses.

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